

Madame Langlade has permission to go to the Baye and re-possess herself of her houses, gardens, farms and property; she may take a hired man with her.

Given under my hand and the Post seal, the 14th Sept., 1782.

PATRICK SINCLAIR,

Lieutenant Governor. [SEAL]

By order of the Governor.

JOHN COATES.

I hereby certify that the above is a true copy of a permission granted to Madame Langlade by his Excellency Lieut. Governor Patrick Sinclair, dated on the fourteenth day of September, A. D., one thousand seven hundred and eighty-two.

Z. TAYLOR, *Major.*

Given at Fort Howard, Green Bay, this 20th of June, 1818.

It is enjoined upon merchants passing to the Bay not to give liquor to Indians.

PATRICK SINCLAIR.

[No date; but about 1781 or 1782.] *Lieutenant Governor.*

ISLE ST. JOSEPH, March 11, 1800.

MONSIEUR—It is with much pleasure that I learn from your letter of the 25th February,* that you have succeeded in arresting the quarrels among the savage nations who have been at war. I hope it will be the means of securing a general peace among them, and at the same time convince them of the attention and regard bestowed upon them by the Britannic Government.

* This proves that Charles de Langlade did not die quite so early as his grandson, Augustin Grignon, supposed—January, 1800. As he died after a short illness, and in cold weather, we may place it in March, 1800; and this letter of Lieut. Drummond was probably received after Mr. Langlade's death.

St. Joseph's Island is in St. Mary's River, near to Drummond's Island, at the mouth of that stream, where it flows into Lake Huron; and the latter island, long British headquarters for Indian affairs, very likely received its name from Lieut. Drummond.